THE

CHRISTMAS FROLICK;

OR,

MIRTH for the HOLIDAYS.

CONSISTING OF

A great Number of admirable Stories never before printed; with a felect Collection of others, from rare, old, and fcarce Books.

With a Variety of New Songs, written on purpose for this Work, and adapted to well known. Tunes.

Likewise a select Store of New Jests, Anecdotes, Whims, Oddities &c. copied as spoken by our First-rate Wits; and never yet offered to public Inspection.

The whole calculated to warm the Imagination, raise the Spirits in the gloom of Winter, and procure, what every one wishes,

A MERRY CHRISTMAS, anda HAPPY NEW YEAR

Who'd fail to be merry that cou'd be?
Who d wish to be dull in dull Weather?
Let us all be as gay as we shou'd be
And sing and tell Stories together.

LONDON:

Printed for G. ALLEN, in Paternoster Row, and fold by all Booksellers, Stationers, and News-Carriers. 1775.

(Price One Shilling.)

CHRISTMAS FROLICK;

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TO THE DOS SECTION

R E A DE E R.

T F the following Collection should be I found to answer, in any degree, the Title of our Book, it is prefumed that no Apology need be made for its Publication, at this Season of Mirth and Festivity. Story-telling is a great help and Life to Conversation. We have endeavoured to felect fuch Stories from the best Writers, as will not difgrace those who relate them. Indeed several of them are totally new, and it must be left to our Readers whether or not they think proper to make those the subject of their Narrations. Almost all our Songs and Jests are also fuch as have never been printed before. The Anecdotes and Characters are written by the ablest Hands this Kingdom ever produced; it need fcarcely be faid that that Addison is the Author of many of them.

Nothing now remains but to wish our Readers as many MERRY CHRISTMAS-TIDES, and as many HAPPY NEW YEARS as Health, Plenty, and good-humour, can jointly promise, or procure.

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their Looks, and without waiting for fartiple entrew, faight 10 is clared Run, my Boys and Girls. What there you or

Story telling for a Christmas Anuice

Laffort of my own Like thank God N the Year 1753, a large and respectable Company of young Ladies and Gentlemen were affembled to fpend the Christmas Day, at the House of Colonel Woodford, in Hampshire. The Colonel had been a gay Man in his time; but his Ideas were elegant, his Sentiments pure, and his Heart uncontaminated by his commerce with the World. His Estate was ample, and the economy with which he manag'd it did him fingular honour. His first Pleasure was to see his own Family happy, his fecond to make happy those around him. - When the Family had dined, the chearful Glass had circulated, Tea and Coffee had been drank, and even Cards grew tirefome, the Company viewed Colonel Woodford with anxious Eyes. as hoping from his good Sense and Experience

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a more rational Entertainment than Featting of Card-Playing could afford. The Colonel read their Wilhes in their Looks, and without waiting for farther entreaty, faid, " Let us chat an Hour, my Boys and Girls. What think you of "Story-telling for a Christmas Amuse-" ment? I will tell you a Piece of the " History of my own Life, (thank God and my Harriet it has been a happy " Life thus far, and you shall take a Lefse fon from our Conduct for your own, if "you think our Example worthy of being " copied." The Company expressed their Withes that he would proceed; which he did to the following Purports state and I

Dr. Woodford, of Staffordshire. To say any thing of my Father would be saying too little, unless I bestowed on him all the Praises due to Humanity elevated to the highest degree of Perfection.—I was intended for the Church; and of consequence educated so as to prepare my passage to the University; but my Inclination leading me to the Profession of Arms, I prevailed on my Grandsather to purchase me a Cornetcy in a Regiment of Horse.

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rfe. It It would be as impertment to this Compas ny, as troublesome to myself, to relate by what gradations I role almost to the first Honours of my Profession. Suffice it to fay that I was not deficient in what I thought the discharge of my Duty, and that my gracious Sovereign has more than rewarded my Endeavours. In the Year 1732, I was quartered in the City which gave Birth to my Harriet. I had then never feen her; but an Accident, which for that reason: I shall ever deem propitious, introduced me to her knowledge. A Company of Players had taken up their Refidence, to entertain us during the Christmas Holidays --- Accident placed me in the same Box with my Harries The House was crowded infor the Reople of Fashion had made a Point of attending to enable the Actors to feast thro' the Seafon of Festivity. In the Middle of the fourth Act, the Word Fire occurred in one of the Lines. The Actor fooke with too elevated a tone of Voice ... A Lady who heard, but did not understand him, mistook the elevation of his Voice for a cry of "Fire."-The alarm foon spread, and ill-founded as it was, spread with Rapidity.

dity. Every one was anxious to fave him or herfelf .- A Coxcomb Lover (pardon me, my dear) who attended my Harriet. ran off in the first hurry, and left his precious Charge behind him. My Eyes had before drank in the bewitching Charms of her Beauty-She was hurrying to the Door: I faw the danger of her being crushed to death; and preffing to her Affistance, repell'd, by mere force, the weight of feveral People that would have fallen on her. -I catched her in my Arms, and crying, "Tis all a mistake, Madam"-repeated the whole Sentence of the Play in which the Word fire occurred.—By this time two of the Players had come forward, and affured us that we were fafe .- With difficulty I prevented my Harriet from fainting.—She recollected herself, and remained in her Place.—Of those who crowded to get out, feveral were terribly bruifed, two had their Limbs broke, and one was killed. A Lady who received no apparent damage at the time, languished for two Months and then died .- I had the honour of attending my Harriet to her Father's, and received too many acknowledgments for having conferred a common Obligation,

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Obligation. I was honoured with an Invitation to visit the Family—the cowardly Lover never renewed his Visit; not even to enquire after the Lady's Health. Suffice it to say, that I was honoured with het Considence—Her Love—within three Months I was made the happiest Man living; and if my Charlotte bowing to his Daughter) continues, as she has begun, to copy her Mother's excellent Example, she cannot fail of becoming one of the happiest of Women.

This Tale, which was intended merely as a Christmas Entertainment, was productive of a very agreeable Consequence. Among the Company present was Sir George Newport. His Eyes struck fire at the Praises the Colonel bestowed on Charlotte.—He loved her on the Instant.

— There could be no Objection to Sir George's Birth, Fortune, Person, or Character.—A speedy Marriage ensued; and last June made Colonel Woodford one of the happiest Grandsathers in the World.

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STORY II,

Account of an Uncle wrongfully Executed.

Gentleman died possessed of a very confiderable Fortune, which he left to his only Child, a Daughter, and appointed his Brother to be her Guardian, and Executor of his Will. The young Lady was then about Eighteen; and if The happened to die unmarried, or, if married, without Children, her Fortune was left to her Guardian and to his Heirs. As the Interest of the Uncle was now incompatible with the Life of the Neice, feveral other Relations hinted, that it would not be proper for them to live together. Whether they were willing to prevent any occasion of flander against the Uncle, in case of the young Lady's death; whether they had any Apprehension of her being in danger; or whether they were only discontented with the Father's disposition of his Fortune, and therefore propagated Rumours to the prejudice of those who possessed it, cannot be known; the

the Uncle, however, took his Neice to his House near Epping Forest, and soon afterwards she disappeared.

Great enquiry was made after her, and it appearing, that the Day she was missing, she went out with her Uncle into the Forest, and that he returned without her, he was taken into Custody. A few days afterwards he went through a long Examination, in which he acknowledged that he went out with her, and pretended that the found means to loiter behind him as they were returning Home; that he fought her in the Forest as soon as he miffed her; and that he knew not where the was, or what was become of her. This Account was thought improbable, and his apparent Interest in the death of his Ward, and perhaps the petulant zeal of other relations, concurred to raise and strengthen Suspicions against him, and he was detained in custody.

Some new Circumstances were every day rising against him. It was found that the young Lady had been addressed by a neighbouring Gentleman, who had,

a few days before the was miffing, fet out on a Journey to the North; and that the had declared the would marry him when he returned: that her Uncle had frequently expressed his disapprobation of the Match in very strong terms: that she had often wept and reproached him with unkindness, and an abuse of his Power.

A Woman was also produced, who swore that on the Day the young Lady was missing, about Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon, she was coming through the Forest, and heard a Woman's Voice expostulating with great eagerness; upon which she drew nearer the Place, and, before she saw any Person, heard the same voice say, Don't kill me, Uncle, don't kill me; upon which she was greatly terrified, and immediately hearing the report of Fire-Arms very near, she made all the haste she could from the Spot, but could not rest in her Mind, till she had told what had happened.

Such was the general impatience to punish a Man, who had murdered his Neice to inherit her Fortune, that upon this

this evidence he was condemned and executed.

About ten days after the Execution, the young Lady came Home. It appeared, however, that what all the Witnesses had fworn was true, and the Fact was found to be thus circumstanced:-The young Lady declared, that having previously agreed to go off with the Gentleman that courted her, he had given out, that he was going a journey to the North; but that he waited concealed at a little House near the skirts of the Forest, till the Time appointed, which was the Day she disaprear'd. That he had Horses ready for himself and her, and was attended by two Servants also on Horseback. That as the was walking with her Uncle he reproach'd her with perfifting in her Resolution to marry a Man of whom he disapproved. and after much Altercation, the faid with some heat, I have set my heart upon it, if I do not marry lin it will be my death; and don't kill me, Uncle, don't kill me: that just as the had pronounced these Words, the heard a fire-arm discharged very near her, at which the started, and immediately afterwards

afterwards faw a Man come forward from among the Trees, with a Wood-Pigeon in his Hand, that he had just shot. That coming near the Place appointed for their sendezvous, the formed a pretence to let her Uncle go on before her, and her Lover being waiting for her with a Horse, she mounted, and immediately rode off. That instead of going into the North, they retired to a House, in which he had taken Lodgings, near Windfor, where they were married the fame Day, and, in about a Week, went a Journey of Pleasure to France, from whence when they returned, they first heard of the Misfortune which they had inadvertently brought upon their Uncled behaver sort ben red bug lishmid Sarvanta allo on Horfeback. That us the

The Reader will need no other arguments than what are comprized in the above Narrative, (which is unquestionably true) to convince him of the extreme Caution that ought to be made use of, before any Person is convicted on circumstantial Evidence, however strong, and apparently satisfactory.

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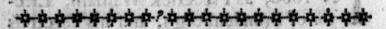


he actempt mary not ze; but was ferred and kined by the Bors. On cy-

A Stag Lives, after being shot through the Heart.

N 1686, as Frederick William, Elec-L tor of Brandenburgh, and his Electress were hunting, they faw a Stag, at which the Electres took aim, and shot him with a leaden Bullet. He walked off 400 Yards, and crawled into a Ditch. The Elector's Gun-Smith followed him, and lodged a Ball in the back Part of his Head: Still, however, he kept his Legs, 'till a third was lodged under his left Ear, when he fell as dead. A Cart was fent for, which was three quarters of an Hour before it was brought. The Country Fellows turned him from one Side upon his Belly, and laying hold of his Horns, lifted his Head into the Cart, when, just as they were on the point of raising the Body, the Stag got on his feet, forung away from them, and traversed the Fields with incredible Swiftnels. He was purfued by Hounds, who more than once furrounded him, and the Forrester

Forrester coming up, shot him in the hinder Part of the Back; still, however, he attempted another escape; but was seized and killed by the Dogs. On examination it appeared that the Bullet which the Electress first discharged, went through the Heart of the Animal.



STORY IV.

Custom of making Freemen of Alnwick Common, Northumberland.

THE Persons that are to be made free, or, as they call it, to leap the Well, assemble in the Market-Place very early in the Morning, on the 25th of April. They are on horseback, with every Man a Sword by his Side, dressed in White, with white Night Caps, and attended by the Four Chamberlains, and the Castle Bailiss, who are also mounted and armed in the same Manner. From the Market-place they proceed in great order, with Music playing before them, to a large dirty Pool, called the Freemens Well,

Well, on the Confines of the Common. Here they draw up in a Body at fome distance from the Water, and then all at once rush into it, and scramble through the Mud as fast as they can. As the Water is generally breast high, and very foul, they come out in a most silthy Condition; but dry Cloaths being ready for them on the other Side, they put them on with all possible Expedition, and then taking a Dram, remount their Horses, and ride sull gallop round the whole Consines of the District; of which, by this Atchievement, they are become free.

After having compleated this Circuit, they again enter the Town Sword in hand, and are met by Women dreffed up with Ribbons, Bells, and Garlands of Gum Flowers. The Heroes then proceed in a Body till they come to the House of one of their Company, where they leave him, having first drank a Dram; the remaining Number proceed to the House of the second, with the same Ceremony, and so on, till the last is left to go Home by himself.

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The Houses of the new Freemen are on this Day distinguished by a great Holly Bush, which is planted in the Street before them, as a Signal for their Friends to assemble, and make merry with them at their return—This strange Ceremony is said to have been instituted by King John, in Memory of his having once bogged his Horse in this Pool, now called the Freemens Well.



STORY V.

Remarkable Instances of Longevity.

Henry Jenkins, an Englishman, died in the year 1670. aged 169.—John Rovin, born at Szatlova Caransbetcher, in the banat of Temeswar, lived to the age of 172, and his wife to 164, having been married together 147 Years, and their youngest son being 90 at his Father's death.—Peter Zorten, a Peasant of Keveresch, also in the banat of Temeswar, died on the 5th of January 1724, aged 185, the youngest

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youngest of his Children being then 97. This Zorten fed only on pulse.



STORY VI.

The History of Will Wimble.

X/ILL Wimble was the Son of Sir Richard Wimble, of Worcesterthire, who dying, Will's eldeft brother succeeded to the Estate for no other reason but that he was the eldest; and Will was left to feek his Fortune in any way that would not difgrace his Family.-He had no inclination to the Pulpit, for he did not love reading; Physic was his aversion; while he had too much conscience for the Law, and too much compassion for the Army. A mercantile Trade fuited his Genius, and was the object of his Wishes; but that his Father denied him, and was angry that he should think of introducing buying and felling into his Family. The Plan that Will laid down for his support, and at the same time to render himself agreeable, is a proof of his good fense and address.

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address.-He was a perfect Master of all those little Arts in which our Country Gentry delight. He hunted a pack of Dogs better than any Man in the Country. and was very famous for finding a Hare: He made a May-fly to a Miracle, and furnished the whole Neighbourhood with Fishing-rods and Tobacco-stoppers. carried a Tulip-root from one to another, and exchanged a Puppy between two Friends, who lived at a Distance, with great Dexterity. The young Heirs he frequently obliged with a net of his own Weaving, a fetting-dog that he had himfelf instructed, a Quail-pipe, or a new Lash for a Whip. The Mothers and Sisters he generally complimented with battledores and Shuttlecocks, or a Pair of Garters of his own Knitting, and, whenever he met them, excited much Mirth by enquiring " how they wore," and by " afking Permiffion to tie them up." He composed all Differences between Gentlemen and their Servants; and tho' he never gave the Footmen a Shilling, they stood more in awe of him than of their own Masters .- Such was the harmless Life of Will Wimble, who lived better without

without any Fortune, than his booby Brother did on four thousand a Year.

STORY VII.

An Instance of the Ridiculous.

Mong the many People who have had Courage and Learning to lay Ghosts, G. W. Salomine, may be reckoned and esteemed the most considerable and knowing; for he made a Fortune and raised an Estate by this very Trade; and is said to have laid 1379 Souls in Red Sea: A Place which I know by Experience, and by Examination have found all Ghosts and Spirits are most affaid of; and this I think proves Salomine's Power to be very great, as it is

"a Place they would not but by force

" have went into.

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"It is to be remarked that Salomine was the seventh Son of his Father and Mother, who was a virtuous Woman; and he had also a wonderful faculty of curing all Diseases with a touch. Such B 3 "surprising

"furprising Power is there in some Peo"ple. Yet this Gentleman was not more
to be thought of than an Acquaintance
of mine, an Oxford Scholar, who to
"my certain knowledge and belief had
"cured many Disorders, and allayed the
"Ghosts of many disturbed People, when
"no other Person could do them.

one the many Peacle who have " In a Village where I lived, I do know "there was a great House, a Mansion-"house, haunted by a spirit that turned " itself into a thousand Shapes and Forms'; " but generally came in the figure of a " boiled Scragg of Mutton, and had baffled and defied the learned Men of both Unies verfities; but this being told to my " Friend, who was a descendant and rela-"tion of the learned Friar Bacon, he un-"dertook to lay it, and that even without "his Books; and 'twas done in this Man-" ner: He ordered some Water to be put " into a clean Skellet that was new, and " had never been on the Fire. When the "Water boiled, he himself pulled off his "Hat, and Shoes and then took feven "Turnips, which he pared with a small " Penknife, that had been rubbed and " whetted

whetted on a Loadstone, and put them " into the Water. When they were boiled, he ordered fome Butter to be melt-" ed in a new glazed earthen Pipkin, and " then mashed the Turnips in it. Just as "this was finished, I myfelf saw the "Ghott, in the form of a boiled Scragg of " Mutton, peep in at the Window, which "I gave him notice of, and he stuck his " Fork into him, and fowfed both him " and the Turnips into a Pewter Difh, and, eat both up; and the House was " ever afterward quiet and still. Now this "I should not have believed, or thought " true, but I stood by and faw all the " whole Ceremony performed."

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The above monftrous Abfurdity, which will ferve very well for a Holiday Laugh, is copied from Jackson's State of the Defunct. Page 97. CHE LACK

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to her Lovers that the had sur firsh Reis-

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STORY VIII.

The LOTTERY, a Christmas Tale.

Young Lady in Lincolnshire, whom we shall call Lucinda, was addreffed by feveral young Fellows, who pretended a great regard for her Person, independant of all pecuniary Confiderations, because she was supposed to be rich. During the warmth of their Addresses her Father died Involvent and the instantly loft all her Admirers but Mr. Freeland. who then, more earnestly than ever, preffed her to honour him with her Hand in Marriage; but the generous Lucinda difdained to impoverish the only Man who had given any folid proof of his Affection for her . Just at this juncture an Uncle of Lucinda's died in a distant Country, and left her 12,000 l.—It was unknown to her Lovers that she had any such Relation, and she was determined to keep it a fecret for the present; but as the Lottery was then drawing she caused it to be propagated

pagated (by Friends whom she could trust) that the had got one of the 10,000l. Prizes. Her Lovers instantly renewed their Addresses, and were warmer in their Adulation than ever. Freeland was the only one who did not now implore the Honour of her Hand, as he scorned to have it thought that he courted her from interested Motives. In a few days it wa anounced in the News-papers who was the real Poffesfor of the 10,000l. Prize: on which Lucinda's Lovers again left her, and calumniated her in every Company, as a Tilt that would have entrapped them into Matrimony, Lucinda now fent for Freeland, explained the real State of her Affairs, and foon afterwards made him happy in the Possession of herself, and the 12,000 l. which her Uncle had left her. What heightens the Beauty of this Story is, that Mr Freeland obtained a Prize of 5000 l. in that very Lottery, which, as his Fortune was ample, he fettled on Lucinda the Day preceeding their Marriage.

STORY IX.

The ALMANACK; or the Fortune-Teller, a New Year's Tale.

THREE young Ladies, with the fame Number of young Gentlemen, who paid their Addresses to them, were on a Visit at a Merchant's in the City, on the first of January, 1774, when after the circulation of a chearful Glass, the Merchant who was a Gentleman of fingular Vivacity, told the young Ladies that his Father was a Fortune-Teller, and that he had in his youth, acquired Part of the old Gentleman's Art; "and now " (faid he) my Girls, if you will each of "you tell me the Day of your Birth, I " will tell you a Piece of good Fortune; " if you, in return, will promife to do " all in your Power to verify my pre-" dictions." The Challenge was laughably accepted'; but he made them promife him feriously, and having learnt their respective Birth-days, told that they fhould

should be severally married on the next return of that Day in the Almanack. The Lovers took Advantage of the young Ladies Promises: the Merchant insisted on their "doing all in their Power to "verify his Predictions;" and the Consequence was that within Six Months Three Couple were made happy.



STORY X.

The HAUNTED House; a Twelfthday Tale.

On Twelfth Night, in the Year, 1771. a large Company was affembled at the Seat of Edmund Williams, Esq. in Berkshire, to partake of the usual Diversions of the Evening. When Supper was over, and the Twelfth-Cake had been shared, with the customary Scene of Frolic, The Company began to think of departing; but as the Weather proved unfavourable, and most of the Company had a considerable way home, Mr. Williams accommodated as many of them as possible

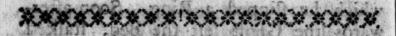
possible with Beds; but there was still one young Gentleman (Captain Darnley). unprovided for; and Mr. Williams frankly told him he had no room in which to lodge him, but one that was supposed to be haunted; and though (continued he) I have no Idea of fuch nonsense myself. we never yet could get any person to lodge in that Room. Young Darnley faid he fhould be proud of lodging in fucha Room; and Preparations were immediately made for his Reception; a good Fire being Lighted, and a Candle placed on a Table near it. The Captain retired to reft, and after reflecting an Hour on the oddity of his fituation, fell a Sleep. About three o'Clock he was awakened by the opening of the Chamber Door, and not a little furprized to see a genteel Figure in White Walk flowly towards the Bed. The Candle burnt dim, and the Captain, with all his Courage, was too much alarmed to judge what the Apparition was. At length it turned down the Bed Cloaths, and came foftly into Bed. The Captain found that it breathed, and was then less Terrified. At length he extended his Arm towards it, and felt a Finger, from which

which he slipped a Ring. Soon afterwards the Ghost left the Bed, stalked flowly across the Room, and thut the Door after it. The Captain flept in tranquillity during the remainder of the Night, and in the Morning, when the Company were affembled at Breakfast, he alked of any Person present had loft a Rings w Mile Williams declared herfelf Mistresson its on which Darnley related the Particulater of the Vifit of the Ghoft not a little! to the confusion of the young Lady. Mr. Williams took up the Matter in a fresh Pome of View, and faid that as his Daughter had gone to Bed to the Capo tain without her Knowledge, it should be his Fault if he did not go to Bed to her in return. 1. The Captain most joyfully accepted the Terms; a happy Marriage foon enfued, and he has called his Lady by the Name of his Dear Chaft ever with the Applaule that was paid bonn though he knew not where the Cream of

Y ROTS

The next Day Mr. Bulk happening to be in Commany where the Discourse turned on the Excellence of fome Capacines, and

the Jeff lay.



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The Brunderer.

Mong that Species of Blunderers who fay a good Thing without knowing it, may be ranked Mr. Bulb, who being one Day in the Fields with his Companions, they were fuddenly catched in a violent Shower of Rain, and ran with all Speed to the Hedge for Shelter. A young Lady passing by at the Instant, our Hero cries out to her, "Whither fo " raft in all this Rain, my dear? You " had better come here, and take shelter " under a Bush." - " Well said, Jack, " cries his Companions. - that's the fmart-" eft Thing that ever came out of thy "Mouth"-Jack was mightily elated with the Applause that was paid him, though he knew not where the Cream of the Jest lay. YMODE

The next Day Mr. Bush happening to be in Company where the Discourse turned on the Excellence of some Capacities, and

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and the readiness of their Wir above others; "Faith, (faid he) that's true " enough; for I was in the Fields yester-"day, with leveral of my Acquaintance, " and the Devil a smart Thing did any " of them fay but myself; and one Thing "in particular, so clever, that they all "fwore they never heard a better." "In-" deed! - What was it? (cried one of the "Company.) - "Why, replied Bush)
"you must know that we were all catched in a violent Shower, and while we "Itood under a great Tree, a young "Lady ran by us; upon which I called out to her, Hold! Hold! my dear " you had better stay here, and take shelter under a Hedge! and as I am a " living Man, they all swore they never "heard a better Jest in their Lives." ****

STORY XII.

Of a Man who had loft his Ass

A Countryman having loft his Afs, applied to the Cryer, defiring him to give Notice of it at the Church-door, C 2 which

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which he did on three successive Sundays but no News being heard of the Animal, the Owner desired the Cryer to continue his Proclamation as usual, with the Reward of a fat Pig to the Finder. The Cryer being an arch Fellow, and tired with the Countryman's Importunity, on a Holiday, when the Publick Worship was ended, and the People flocked out of the Church, made the following Proclamation: "If there be any Man amongst you, who will come forth, and solemnly protest he never was in love, he shall have a fat Pig."—On this a foolish loobily Fellow, bawled out, "I can safe ly take my Oath that I am the Person who has never been in love;" where upon the Cryer, taking him by the Sleeve, presented him to the Countryman, saying, "Here, Friend, I have found your As, the Pig is mine."

STORY XIII

Of a Man who had loft his Ass

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A applied to the Cryet, denting him to give Notice of it at the Church door,

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Service of Cardinal Wolfey.

STORY XIII.

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The BLUNDERING PLAYER.

PORTY or Fifty Years ago, when the Actors gave out a New Play, it was customary for them to say, "Containing the Tragical End of such a one, the comical Adventures, the memorable Battle, &c.

Tom Walker, who originally played Mackheath, was giving out a Play, on a Saturday Night, for Mrs. Bicknell's Benefit, when he faid, "Gentlemen and "Ladies, to-morrow Evening will be " perfor-" " To-morrow! faid a Genstleman in the Pit,) To-morrow will "be Sunday."-Walker was extremely confused; but recovering himself, made a fecond Bow, and proceeded as follows. 46 Ladies and Gentlemen, On Monday "next, will be performed. the Historical "Play of King Henry the Eighth; containing the Divorce of Anna Bullen, 1998 " the

"the Marriage of the Princess Catherine, "and the Death of Mrs. Bicknell for the Benefit of Cardinal Wolsey.

STORY XII.

STORY XIV.

ORTY OF Fifty Years ago, when

N the Year, 1701, was Born Edward

J****, the Son of a poor Cottager on the New Forest, Hampshire. Ned being a Boy of bright Parts, was early taken Notice of by a Gentleman in the Neighbourhood, who took him into his Family, as an Affiftant to the Gardener. In this Station he lived about two Years, when having faved Money enough to carry him to London, he fet out, in the full Expectation of making his Fortune He had not been in Town two Days before his appearance procured him a Place in the Family of an eminent Tradelman in Cornhill. His Bufiness was to pack up, and carry out small Parcels. This he executed with great Fidelity, and his Master withed to promote him: but unfortunately

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mately, Ned could neither Read nor Write. These Difficulties were soon got over by the Education to be obtained at an Evening School; and Ned was advanced to the Compting House. In about Four Years he removed to the Station of head Clerk to an eminent Merchant, with whom he continued Five Years, when the Merchant died, and left him 5001. in Confideration of his faithful Services: recommending to him the Care of the Business for an only Daughter Trust he faithfully discharged during eighteen Months, oat the end of which time the Lady voluntary offered him her Hand in Marriage. The offer was every way too agreeable to be rejected. The Wedding was immediately folemnized. and our Piero foon became one of the most considerable Merchants in London. The fruits of this Marriage were two Sons and two Daughters. The young Ladies were both advantageously married; the elder to the Son of a Gentleman just returned with a large Fortune from the East Indies; the younger to the Son of a wealthy Baronet. The younger Son is now an eminent Merchant at Briftol, and bes dolling in a more ferious Manner.

the elder very deservedly fills a distinguished Seat in the British House of Commons.—Such are the happy Effects of honest Industry, and a regular obligingness of Behaviour.

at the S T O R Y XV. Sold of

Confideration of his raubible Links

TRUE and FALSE COURAGE.

Uring the Protectorship of Oliver Cromwell, a young Officer, who had been bred in France, went to the Ordinary at the Black Horse in Holborn. where the Person that usually presided at table was a rough, old-fashioned Gentleman, who, according to the custom of those Times, had been both Major and Preacher of a Regiment.—The young Officer was venting some new fangled Notions, and speaking against the Dispensations of Providence. The Major, at first, only defired him to speak more respectfully of one for whom all the Company had an honour; but finding him run on in his Extragance, began to reprimand him in a more serious Manner. " Young

Young Man (faid he) do not abuse your Master while you are eating his " Bread. Consider whose Air you breathe, whose Presence you are in, and who it is that gave you the Power of that very Speech which you make use of to his " dishonour." The young Fellow, who thought to turn Matters to a jest, asked him if he was going to preach; but at the fame time bid him take care what he faid when he spoke to a Man of Honour. " A Was of Honour! (cried the Major) " thou art an Infidel and a Blasphemer, " and I shall use thee as such." At length the Quarrel ran to high that the young Officer challenged the Major.—On their coming into the Garden the old Gentleman advised his Antagonist to consider the Place into which one Pais might drive him; but finding him grow fourrilous; Sirrah (faid he) if a thunderbolt does not firike thee dead before I come at thee, I shall not fail to chastife thee " for thy Profaneness to thy Maker, and "thy Sauciness to his Servant."-This faid, he drew his Sword, and cried with a loud Voice, " The Sword of the Lord and of Gideon!" which to terrified our young a tranderyoung Gentleman that he was inflantly disarmed, and thrown on his Knees: In which Posture he begged for Life, which the Major refused to grant, till he had asked Pardon for his Offence, in a short extempore Prayer, which the Major dictated on the Spot, and the other repeated, in the presence of the whole Company, which was by this time assembled in the Garden.

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STORY XVI.

Of the King of Naples, and the CHE-VALIER de ST. GEORGE.

On the 24th of August 1734. a sleet of Ships sailed from Naples for Sicily, with a fair Wind.—While the Chevalier was attending the Embarkation, a blast of Wind blew his Hat into the Sea. Several Officers immediately endeavoured to take it up; but he called out, "Let it "alone; I will go and get another in "England;" whereupon the King of Naples, throwing his Hat into the Sea, said, "And I will go with you" on which a stander-

a stander-by remarked, that " they might " go bare-headed a long time, if they " got no Hats till they went to England " for them; and besides, they would " find none there that would fit their " Heads."

STORY XVII.

The Journeyman Baker.

A Journeyman, who lived with a capital Baker in the City of London. fucceeded to an Estate of 1500 l. a Year. Having taken Possession, he invited his Mafter and Miftress to his Country Seat; and, at parting, told them, that, as he had the Estate of a Gentleman, he would aim at the Qualifications; for which Purpose he would make the Tour of Europe. The Idea he had conceived of the Advantages arifing from Travel, made him deaf to the Remonstrances of his Friends, who forelaw the ruin of his Estate: But he answered them, " that he had a good "Trade in his Belly, and could never break.

Expences Abroad made a confiderable rent in his Estate, which after his return, he soon ran through entirely:—When all was spent, he engaged again with his former Master, and when his old Acquaintance asked him what he could think when he acted so imprudently, he would say, "Why, I thought of nothing but "my Pleasure, my Estate gratisted my Inclinations while it lasted; and now it is gone, has left me this Advantage, that I have seen more of the World than any Journeyman Baker in Town, and I dine at my Master's Table, which I never did before."

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The Widow's Exchange.

A Young Lady having buried an old Husband, whom she married for Money, employed a Carver to make a Statue of Wood, as much like him as possible, which, with seeming regard to his

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his Memory, she placed every Night by her Side in Bed. A young Gentleman, who was enamoured of the Widow, one Night, bribed the Maid to permit him to lay in old Simon's Place. The Widow went to Bed, and, as usual, threw her Arms, across the Figure, (as she thought it) of her dear Husband; and, finding it warm, crept still closer, till she was convinced it was a better Bedfellow than Old Simon. In the Morning the Maid called, as usual, to know what she would have for Dinner. "Why, (said " fhe) drefs the Turkey that was brought " in Yesterday, roast a Leg of Mutton, "with Cauliflower, aud get a handsome Dish of Fish."—" Madam, (said the " Maid) we have not Wood enough to "dress so much Victuals.—" Why then "(cried the Mistress) you must e'en burn Old Simon."

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OLOHOLO STORY XIX.

Old Dobson's Cross.

A N old Country Fellow, who was married to a perfect Termagant, going one Sunday to Church, heard the Minister preach from the following Words.—" Take up your Cross and fol-" low me." Dobson was extremely attentive to the Discourse; and as soon as Church was done, went home, and taking his Wife on his Back by force; ran as fast as he was able after the Parson, who seeing how the Fellow was loaded, asked him the Reason "Why, what a plague, (cries Dobson) has your Reverence form got already?—Did not your Worship bid us take up our Cross, and follow you? and I am sure this is the greatest Cross that I have in the World, an please ye."

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ANECDOTE of an EARL of St. ALBAN'S.

HE Earl of St. Alban's, Secretary to Queen Henrietta Maria, in all her Misfortunes, found himself at the Restoration but in an indifferent Condition. Being one Day with Charles the Second, when all Diffinctions were laid aside, a Stranger came with an importunate Suit for an Employment of great Value, which was guft vacant. The King ordered him to be admitted, and bid the Earl personate himself. The Gentleman addressed himself accordingly; innumerated his Services to the Royal Family, and hoped the grant of the Place would not be deemed too great a Reward. " By no Means (replied the Earl) and I " am only forry that, as foon as I heard " of the Vacancy, I conferred it on my " faithful Friend there, the Earl of St. " Alban's-(pointing at the King) who " has constantly followed the Fortunes mid D 2 militer tests to an

"both of my Father and myself, and has hitherto gone ungratified:—but when any thing of this kind happens again, worthy your acceptance, pray let me fee you."—The Gentleman withdrew, —the King smiled at the jest, and confirmed the Grant to the Earl.

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HARDINESS OF a FRENCH OFFICER.

The Camp to the Court, during a hard Frost, had no sooner delivered his Letters to the King, than the Chambers lain of the Houshold appointed him a Lodging in the Palace, as he was to return to the Camp the next Day. But he refused it, saying, "It becomes not me to lie on a Bed of down, when my Gemeral, and the whole Army are forced to sleep on the frozen Earth."—So saying, he ordered some Straw out of the Stables, and slept in the open Air.—The King, hearing of the Circumstance, made him

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him a handsome Present and recommended him to the General; as one of the bravest Men in his Armylen and id braw

moded to the Rank of a Lieuwegent, and *** Central in this flat on the continued many

his Country, 'til having received a chal-The FORTUNATE SOLDIER.

N the Reign of Queen Anne a young Fellow in the County of Berks, being difgusted with a Woman that his Father had chosen for him as a Wife, enlisted in a Marching Regiment then recruiting at Reading. As his Education and Manner of Behaviour was fuperior to that of his fellow Soldiers, he was foon dittinguished by his Officers, and, before he had been a Month in the Service, he was promoted to the Rank of Corporal, and ere three Months had elapsed was made a Serjeant. In this Station he continued for two Years -was then raised to be Serjeant-Major, and from that Station to an Enfigncy. The Regiment was nowworderd in a Flanders, and in the famous Battle of Ramillies, our young Enligh had the honour Church

of faving his Colours from the refolute artack of four French Soldiers. In reward of this gallant defence he was promoted to the Rank of a Lieutenant, and from thence he succeeded to that of a Captain, in this station he continued many years, with equal Honour to himself, and his Country, 'till having received a challenge from a Brother Officer, con a suppoled trifling offence) he had the virtue to refuse it; which coming to the knowledge of his then Sovereign George II. his Majesty promoted him to the Rank of a Colonel; faying that a Man of approved valour would be inexcusable in risking his Life to comply with an arbitrary and inhuman Custom.



to the Ranking X X YOA OT & ere tance. Months had elepted was made a Senjeant.

A SPANISH LADY'S REVENCE.

A Few Years fince an English Gentleman, who, in a rencounter by Night in the Streets of Madrid, had the Misfortune to kill his Man, fled into a Church Church Porch for Sanctuary. Leaning against the Door, he was surprized to find it open, and a glimmering light in the Church. He had the Courage to advance, towards the Light; but was terribly startled at the Sight of a Woman in White. who ascended from a Grave with a bloody Knife in her Hand. The Phantom walked up to him, and asked him what he did there. He believed he had met a Ghoft. and told her the Truth, without referve; on which she addressed him as follows: " Stranger thou art in my Power: I am " a Murderer as thoo art. I am a Nun " of a noble Family. A base perjured "Man undid me, and boafted of it. I " foon had him dispatched, but not con-"tent with the Murder, I have bribed "the Sexton to let me enter his Grave. " and have now plucked out his falle "Heart from his Body and thus I use "the Traitor's Heart."-Thus faving " fhe tore it in Pieces, and trampled it " under her Feet."-This Story, however Romantick it may appear, hath been' wouched for Truth and slent to dainy beft, the Jewish, the Saracon, or the

Y. ROLL Stare lew that the Snare that

Church Porch for sanctuary, Lincing

STORY XXIV

The Jew's STRATAGEM to fave his Lifely

Aladin, the Soldan of Babylon, living In at too profuse a rate, and being at the fame time engaged in a War with feveral European Powers, found his treafures very much exhaufted. Extraordinary matters happening, he had preffing occafions for Money, and not knowing how to raise it thought of applying to a rich Jew; who lent Money at Interest. He was however, afraid that the Jew would refuse him, and at the fame time unwilling to oblige him to do it, or to Punish him in cafe of refusal, without a colourable pretence for so doing. He therefore fent for him, received him with complaifance, and addressed him as follows, 165 I am "told that you are a wife Man, and very "knowing in matters of Religion. Pray " which of these three do you think the " best, the Jewish, the Saracon, or the "Christian "-The Jew saw the Snare that

that was laid for him, and rightly judged that he should be entrapped, if he preferred either Religion to the other, therefore made the following answer. "The question that you ask me, my Lord, " is very curious; but before you com-" mand me to declare my opinion, permit " to tell you a Story. I remmember I " have heard of a rich Man, who, befides "other precious things had a Ring of great " value; and being proud of Poffeffing fo rare a Jewel, left it to his Posterity as a " monument of his great Riches, and ordered by his Will, that which foever " of his Sons should, after his death, be "found poffes'd of this Ring, should in-"herit all his Estate, and be respected as the head of his Family. In process of fitime the Ring passed through many "Hands, till at last it came to one who "had three Sons equally dutiful, wife, "and obedient to their Father, who " loving them all alike, had, at different "times, given them all feason to expect "it; and at length contrived to fatisfy " all three. To effect this, he procured "an Ongenious artist to make two other Rings, so like the true one, that no difference.

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difference could be feen. The Father "died - Every one had his Ring; and "each tried, by Law, to get Poffelfion of the Estate which he imagined to be "his due; and it yet remains undecided who shall inherit it. It is, my Lord, the fame thing with regard to the three "Religions given by God, to the People you have mentioned. Every one believes " that he is the Heir of God, has his true "Laws, and obeys his Commandments:
"But which was in poffession was never yet determined."-Saladin, feeing that the Jew had avoided the Net which was foread for him, told him of his Necesities, begged his affiftance and added, that he intended to have compelled the Payment, if his discreet answer had not prevented him. The Jew readily lent him the Money which Saladin faithfully repaid; conceived a great affection for him, and maintained him honourably at Court for the rest of his Life.

it; and at length contrived to latisfy it all three. To effect his, he proceed Y AO Tellow, artiff to make two other to hope, to like the true one, that no difference

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ANECDOTES, CHARACTERS, WHIMS and

HARRY NICKIT, is a Year, an honest Mam. He is just within the Game Act, and qualified to kill a Hare or a Pheasant. He knocks down a Dinner with his Guntwice or thrice a Week; and by that Means lives much cheaper than those who have not so good an Estate as himself. He would be a good Neighbour if he did not destroy so many Partridges: In short, he is a very sensible Man, shoots slying, and has been several times. Foreman of the Petty Jury.

Tom Touchy is a Fellow famous for taking the Law of every body. There is not one in the Town where he lives that he has not fued at Quarter-Sellions. His Head is full of Costs, Damages, and Ejectments. Helplagued a couple of honest Gentlemen so long for a Trespals in breaking one of his Hedges, till he was forced

The street of

forced to sell the Ground it inclosed, to defray the Charges of the Prosecution. His Father left him Fourscore Pounds a Year; but he has cast and been cast so often, that he is not worth Thirty.

Wench, who was a Beauty. She was so slippant with her Answers to all the honest Fellows that came near her, and so very Vain of her Beauty, that she has valued herself upon her Charms till they are ceased. She therefore now makes it he business to prevent other young Women from being more discreet than she was herself.

HARRY TESETT and his Lady, are a very extraordinary Couple. Harry in the Days of his Celibacy, was one of those pert Creatures, who have much Vivacity, and little Understanding. Mrs. Rebecca Quickley, whom he married, had all the Fire of Youth and a lively manner could do towards making an agreeable Woman! These two People of seeming merit fell into each others Arms, and Passion being sated, and no good sense in either to succeed

ceed it, their Life is now at a stand, their Meals are insipid and their Time tedious; their Fortune has placed them above Care, and their loss of Taste reduced them below Diversion.

The Son of RURICOLA (whose Life was one continued series of worthy Actions, and Gentleman-like Inclinations,) is the Companion of drunken Clowns, and knows no Sense of Praise but what he receives from his own Servants. His pleafures are mean and inordinate, his Language base and filthy, His Behaviour rough and absurd.

The following Order of QUEEN ELIZA-BETH, for the Gift of her old Cloaths to her Maids of Honour, and others, will be deemed a great Curiofity.

E LIZABETH by the Grace of God, Quene of Englande, France, and Irelande, defender of the Faith &c. To all and fingular to whom theife shall come, greating, knowe ye, that our trustie E and

and well beloved fervants, John Roynor and Ralph Hoope, yeomen of our guarderobe of roobes, hath delyverid by our commandemt oute of their outlodye and charge, att divers and fundry tymes, all fuche peell of stuff by us gevon to fundry plons whose names ensue as more playnelye hereafter doth appere, that is to saye first — gevon to the lady Katheryn Grey, oone open gowne of black vellat, layed on with three passamayne lases, faced with unshorne vellat, and edged with a frenge; lyned througheowte with black sarceonet.

Item, Gevon to the lady Cobham, cone loofe gowne of black fattin rafed allong, with a garde of black vellat, flyched by as cutt, and ravelid; and edgid, with a frenge, lyned with farceoner and fustian,—and come round kyrtle of black wrought vellat, edged with a frenge, and lyned with serceonett,—and also one perycoate of crimson vellat with a styched garde, lyned with cotton and fustian.

Item, Gevon to the lady Carew, one Frenche kyrtle of purple wrought vellat, with a fatten grounde, and lyned with Taphata.

Item, Taken by the faid John Roynor and Ralf Hoope, oone night gowne past our wearing, of black vellat, weltid with a midhank welte of vellat, styched with filk, furred with callabar, and edged with luzerne.

Item, Gevon to Katheryn Cary, cone gowne of ruffet fatten, weltid downeright with black vellar; with ruffe of ruffet ta phata round, all about.

Item, Gevon to Dorothy Brodebelte, some open gowne of Ruffet wrought Vellat the Grounde Satten, with brode weltes whiped over with a Satten wrothe, edgid with a frenge, and lyned with farcement, and faced with pynked taffata, and cone petycoate of vellat stryped with golde, the skyrts lined with purple sarceonett.

Item, Gevon to Elizabeth Sands, cone open gowne of prented fatten, garded with vellat, and lyned with taffata.

Item, Gevon to Elizabeth Sloo, oone gowne of black pinked vellat, borderid aboute with three swelling welts cutt and raved, lyned with taphata, and edgid with a frenge.

Item, Gevon to a Tartarian Woman, oone loofe Gown of blak taphata, weltid-byas with blak vellat, on either fide of the welt a purled lase of filk, lined with taphata; one French kyrtle of suffet satten, lyned with russett taphata; oone loose gowne of black taphata, with a brode garde of vellat, layed on with whiped lase and Brussels work lase, lyned with blak taphata; and one Frenche kyrtle of blak sattin, weltid with vellat, and lyned with taphata.

Item, Delyverd to Katheryn Ashteley, by her to be employed in panying of Cushions, one Frenche Gowne of purple vellat, lyned with purple tassata, with a peire of wide sleves to the same.

Item, Taken by the faid John Roynor and Rauf Hoope, oone night gowne past our wearing, of black fasten, with two Yards of vellat, with a frenge lase layed upon

upon the edge of the gard, I furred with lybards, and lafed with luzerne.

All which stuff, and every part and peell thereof we do knowlede to have been delyvird since the last of January, an second mihi, in manner and sourme abovesaid, by the said John Roynor and Raef Hoope, and thereof do acquet, and discharge the said John and Raef, their heres, executors, and administrators, by theise psents, against us, our heires and successors.

Goven under our Signett att our mannor at Grenewithe, the 16 May the thirde yere of our reigne, 1560.

** The Original, in the Queen's own hand writing, was, about twenty Years ago, in the possession of Mr. Joseph Ingram, Linnen Draper, in Cheapside.—
It is remarkable that her Majesty spells the name Ralph four different ways in the above Instrument.

A practice of a very extraordinary nature with regard to marriage prevailed E 3

upon that Institution as of so high importance to Society, that they allowed their Women to beat all the old Batchelors Publickly once a Year.

VENETIAN GALLANTRY

abovelaid, by the raid tons Rounds

The gallantry that preceeds marriage, among the Venetians, has something very remarkable in it.—When all things are adjusted between the parties, the Gallant must Walk every Evening, at stated Hours, before his Mistress's Windows.—When the Bridgegroom makes a visit to his Bride, he is obliged to carry her the Pearl Necklace, which he is to make her a present of.

hind writing of the Cost of the Joseph In-

In Spain a Man has often a Wife, a Mistrels and a Concubine; all which is tolerated and does not occasion any manner of disturbance in Families.

JACK TRUEPENNT has unrefisted goodmature, which makes him incapable of

having a Property in sainy things His Fortune; this reputation, his Time, and his capacity are so any Man's Service that comes first When he was at School he was whipped thrice a Week for faults he took upon himfelf to excuse others; and once, when a Friend of his had fuffered in a Vice of the Town, all the Physick his Friend took was conveyed to him by Jack, and inforibed, "A Bolus or an Elecrunny for Mr. Truepenny," Jack had a good Estate left to him which came to nothing; because he believed all who pretended to demands upon it. This eafmers and coredulity deftroy all the other merit he has; and he has all his Life been a Sacrifice to others without ever receiving thanks, or doing one good action another medi diss

MR. WORTHY is an old Man who passes for an Humourist, and one who does not understand the Figure he ought to make in the World, while he lives in a Lodging of ten Shillings at Week, with only one Servant: while he dresses himself im Cloth or Sruff, according to the Schon, and has no one necessary Autention to any thing but the Bell which calls to Prayers twice

twice a day. This Gentleman gives away all which is the overplus of a great Forune, by fecret methods, to other Men. If he has not the pomp of a numerous train, and of professors of Service to him, he has, every Day he lives, the confciousness that the Widow, the Fatherles, the Mourner, and the Stranger, bless his unfeen Hand in their Prayers. He gives up all the Compliments which People of his own Condition could make him, for the Pleasures of helping the afflicted, supplying the needy, and befriending the neglected. He keeps to himself much more than he wants, and gives a vast refuse of his Superfluities to purchase Heaven, and by freeing others from the temptations of Worldly want, to carry a retinue with them thither.

WILL FUNNELL, the Toper who is now in the decline of Life, frequently amuses himself with reckoning up how much Liquor has past through him in the last twenty Years, which, according to his computation, amounts to twenty three Hogsheads of October, four Tuns of Port, half a Kilderkin of small Beer, Nineteen

Nineteen Barrels of Cyder, and three glasses of Champaigne; besides which he has affisted at Seven Hundred Bowls of Punch, not to mention Drams and whets without Number. What a glorious Ambition is that of Funnell to become at once equally absurd and wicked:—to give himself daily pain, merely to promote a certain Suicide.

FLAVIA is ever well dreffed, and always the genteelest Woman you meet : but the make of her mind very much contributes to the ornament of her body She has the greatest simplicity of Manners of any of her fex. This makes every thing look native about her, and her Cloaths are fo exactly fitted, that they appear as it were part of her Person. Every one that sees her knows her to be of Quality; but her diffinction is owing to her Manne, and not to her habit. Her Beauty is full of Attraction, but not of Allurement. There is fuch a composure in her Looks, and propriety in her Dress, that you would think it impossible the should change the garb you one Day fee her in, for any thing fo becoming, till you next Day fee her in, another.

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another. There is no other Mystery in this, but that however she is Apparaled, she is herself the same: for there is so immediate a Relation between our Thoughts and Guestures, that a Woman must think well to look well.

ORSON THICKSET is a meer Huntsman, whose Father's Death, and some Difficulties about Legacies, brought out of the Woods to Town, He was at that time one of those Country Savages who despise the Softness they meet in Town and Court, and professedly shew their Strength and roughness in every Motion and Gesture, in Scorn of bowing and cringing. He was, at his first Appearance, remarkable for that Piece of good Breeding peculiar to Englishmen, Desiance, and shewed every one he met he was as good a Man as he.

Frontlet an awful Beauty. These Ladies are perfect Friends, from a Knowledge that their Perfections are too different to stand in Competition. He that likes Gatty

appriler.

can have no relish for so solemn a Creature, as Frontlet; and an Admirer of Frontlet will call Gatty a May-pole Girl. Gatty for ever fmiles upon you, and Frontlet disdains to see you fmile. Gatty's Love is a fhining quick Flame; Frontlet's a flow wasting Fire. Gatty likes the Man that diverts her; Frontlet him who adores her Gatty always improves the Soil in which the travels; Frontlet lays wafte the Country. Gatty does not only finile, but laughs at her Lover; Frontlet not only looks Serious, but Frowns at him. Still the Men of wit and Coxcombs their followers are professed Servants of Gatty: the Politicians, and pretenders to Politicks, give folemn worthip to Frontlet. Their re gn will be best judged by its Duration: Frontlet will never be choson more; and Gatty is a Toast for Life,

Paulo and Avaro are two wealthy Merchants; but they differ in the use and application of their Riches, which you immediately see upon entering their Doors. The Habitation of Paulo has at once the air of a Nobleman and a Merchant. You see the Servants act with affection to their Master

Malter and fatisfaction to themselves: The Matter meets you with an open Countenance, full of Benevolence and Integrity: Your Business is dispatched with all that confidence and welcome, which always accompanies honest Minds: his Table is the Image of Plenty and Generofity, fupported by Justice and Frugality.-But if you enter the House of Avaro, out comes an awkward Fellow with a careful Countenance; -Sir, would you speak with my Master.—May I crave your name?— After the first preamble, he leads you into a Noble solitude, a great House that seems uninhabited; but from the end of the spacious Hall moves toward you Avaro, with a suspicious aspect, as if he believed you a Thief; nor would you, when you approach him, take him for any thing better than a Pick Pocket.-Paulo grows wealthy by being a common good: Avaro by being a general Evil: Paulo has the Art, Avaro the craft of trade. - When Paulo gains, all Men he deals with are the better: Whenever Avaro profits, another certainly loses. In a word, Paulo is a CITIZEN, and Avaro a CIT.

and or abit the affection to their

tollald

Epitaph

Fo

Or Or

On an Old I add the property and I hentre

I.

Who fav'd our Lives, and loft his own, and lot had

II.

Bardana for the Gout he fold, a vilor although and I Nor featled the effects of age, a band too I and W For who, faid he, can ever grow old had a saw I sail. That Tindibe drinks of Sage ? a color of said T

CHAISTMAS . My, a Smg.

All with a the Mule's cheer,

A Remedy he fought,

And cur'd all People but the blind; Light 2 A

For those were blind who bought?

Dear Doctor—Botanist—farewell,

Scribler and Player Adieu!

Or rife to Heaven, or fink to Hell and bus to I You'll find no more like you.

EXTEMPORE; On a Lame Poet.

C Ease, Scribler, longer to torment us,
Thou ne'er can'ft gain the path to Pame.
One of the Curses Heaven has sent us, and shared
Is Verse that's like the Writer—lame.

Veller that's like the Writer—lame.

On an Old Lady appearing at Drury Lane Theatreswith a high Head Drefs of Feathers.

G Rizetta, Copying youthful Sinners, And Proves her Ideas to be frail,
And tells us, while the wags her pinners,
She wishes but to wag her tail.

IL

Each Childish folly is forgiven,
When Youth and Beauty pow'rful plead;
But Lovers seek another Heaven
Than Feathers on an Ancient Head.

CHRISTMAS DAY, a Song.

Í.

ADS and Laffes raise your Voices, who had Strike, O Muse, the sprightliest lay; and All within the Muse's choice is, While she Sings of Christmas Day.

Π.

Pies and Puddings now are plenty,
Ham and Veal, and Beef and Chicken;
Chines and Turkies too are fent ye,
Would you wish for better Picking.

Make Seekher, longing a tarment me.

Play the Cards, and fill the Glasses,
Drink about, and Sing, and Play;
All the Lads, and all the Lasses,
Revel thus on Christmas Day.

LEAP YEAR, A New Song.

Book of the silvers the h

It shall not hold you long;
I sing for the Year Seventy Six;
While unmarried you be,
Take example from me,
And look cautiously round er'e you fix.

an in the same of her

Let the Man whom you chuse,
Have Wit to amuse,
And prudence and Sense to advise;
For his Person—no matter,
But if he should flatter
O guide not your hearts by your Eyes.

A Suc-been CearlHann

In Leap—Year, they fay,
Young Maids go aftray,
And are apt to be courting the Men;
Then guard you this Year,
And the next, never fear,
Your Swains will address you again.

The Rose, A New Song.

A S blooms the Rose in May's gay Month,
And flourishes in June,
So bloom the Fair of Britain's Isle,
And reach bright Beauty's noon.

As shrinks the Flower beneath the cold, And shuns the blighting Wind, So Reputation's loft, unlefs, There's Virtue in the Mind.

Beauty's a short and transient bloom, and T And like the Role decays; thousand bat But Virtue still encreasing lives, And brightens all our Days.

Let the Man whom you chafe CHLOE'S LIKENESS-an Epigrammatic Song. And pradence and Senfe to advile;

For his Pencin - no rist or

In Leap-Year, they fev,

Hat's Chloe like? young Damon Cries, I neter lawofuch a toreatorety ton shing O The Stars of Heav'n are like her Eyes, A Sun-beam is each Feature.

Mein on shiaM yanoY Colin, who Damon's whim did firike tas one hah Replies, in merry part, it un brang and I "There's nothing, Friend, your Ohloe's like, " Except to break your hearthy eniswe 120 Y

The PLAYHOUSE, a New Song.

HE Theatre is but a Picture of Life. Where every one crouds for a feat, Tho' few, after all their contention and strife, o Are contented with those that they get n bed II.

The Gods, whom a Shiffing flicks under the Roof, Would fain with their betters fit down : Yet thinking their Shilling is Money efough, Laugh at him who deposits his Crown.

Middlefex Farmer had loft Thece Heifers, on which he for HE Crier to work, who pro-

".ginillon !!

神说的

The Cit in the Gallery, the Rake in the bit, Despiting each others falle tafte;

The Rake thinks the Cit is a Mifer the City Knows the Cash of the Rake runs to wake. " Sir. - Care of on was

The gay painted Dame in the Slips we behold, Who plays her full game at the Ball While the Manager pockets his Cultomer's Gold. And fairly laughs at them all.

Song in the New Enertainment of the Surram.

Die B.S.T. Hero, who in peace and War. and Warnhe polts of Jove's own Thunder. " to maintain hericle

Mr. Poete was worth repended and Mars yet never though the Ladignostic a Name To great interest and the control of the Control As Conqueror in the fields of Glory. 1 1 1

will hady lating with her Mulband, on a Thurfday loght, faid "My dear, your Horns are budea.b

New Jests, Blunders, &c.

or of the most fill the source for done

A Middlesex Farmer had lost Three Heisers, on which he set the Crier to work, who proclaimed that Farmer had lost Three Heisers, Two of which were Cows. A Gentleman who stood by, cried, "That's a Bull!"—
"True (said the Cryer) I'm much obliged t'ye "Sir,—One of 'em was a Bull."

A young Lady, whose Name was Pye, was asked what she was like: She answered, "like a Com"mon Dish at Christmas."—"No (said a Gentle"man.")—"Not till you are Minced.

"What's my Thoughts like? (faid a Macaroni)

"Like yourfelf." replied a Lady, "next to

"nothing,"

"The Turks (faid a Lady) are allowed as many "Wives as they can maintain.—On the contrary, "an Englishman is unwilling to marry, till he "knows whether his Bride has Fortune sufficient to maintain herself."

Mr. Foote was in Company when it was observed that the Ladies liked Mr. Foote does not like the "Ladies."

A Lady fitting with her Husband, on a Thursday Night, said "My dear, your Horns are budding

acod w

April like a Partition all Prachers and May La

ding."-Then (faid he) I'll go to Smithfield to-

A Gentleman meeting 26 Geefe on Finchley Common, exclaimed "Here comes my Lord Mayor, and the Court of Aldermen."

A Man telling a most improbable Story, another said—" As you relate it, Sir, I believe it; but if I had told it myself I'll be d—d if I should have given credit to it."

An Irishman having purchased a Ticket, told the Lottery Office Keeper that if he would ensure it a Prize, he'd give him the value of a Blank for his Trouble.

A young Lady was faying the would give any thing the had for a good Husband. Then (faid a Gentleman) you'll not be long fingle. You have something to give, that no Husband will refuse."

The famous Joe Miller was told that his whole Life was a Jeft. "That may be, (faid he) but I see find it a very ferious Bufiness to Live."

A Man being asked his Profession, said, "I'm a Shoemaker by Religion, and a Drunkard by "Trade."

The late Lord Chestersield being asked his Opinion of a very gay and talkative Woman, said she was like a Parrot—All Feathers and Noise.

when

When the dispute arose about the had Halfpence, a young Lady, who was addressed by a Gentleman, said the Hadro Objection to him, but that he was a knowledge.

The late Mr. Whitfield was once invited to Dinner among fome Noblemen, rand defired to fay Grace. "It will be in vain, (faid he) you are

" given credit to i

Thus have we given our little store,

blo Norwillion Readers alk for more wind the

Next Year, dear Readers, if you're willing, and We'll ask you for another Shilling.

A years Lady was Living the would give any ...

On the 1st of February, 1773. will be published, ,,

A NEW MAGAZINE

On a Plan which it is humbly hoped will obtain.
the Approbation of the Public.

Such Ladies and Gentlemen as may chuse to favour us with their Correspondence, will please to direct to the Editors, at G. ALLEN'S, No. 50. Paternoster Row, London.

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